

IT'S COMPLICATED - GETTING ML INSIDE AAA GAMES

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RECAP OF PREVIOUS RESULTS

PART 2 ML PIPELINE FOR GAMES

PART 3 CHALLENGES OF ML IN PRACTICE

PART 4 PUSHING YOUR PROTOTYPE FURTHER

PART 1 RECAPOF PREVIOUS RESULTS

GAMEPLAY BALANCING – FOR HONOR





https://www.gdcvault.com/play/1025891/ML -Tutorial-Day-Smart-Bots

Disclaimer: All videos are prototypes and not game features

SMARTDRIVE – WATCH DOGS 2





https://www.gdcvault.com/play/1025891/M -Tutorial-Day-Smart-Bots

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PART 1 – RECAP OF PREVIOUS RESULTS

SMARTNAV - HYPERSCAPE

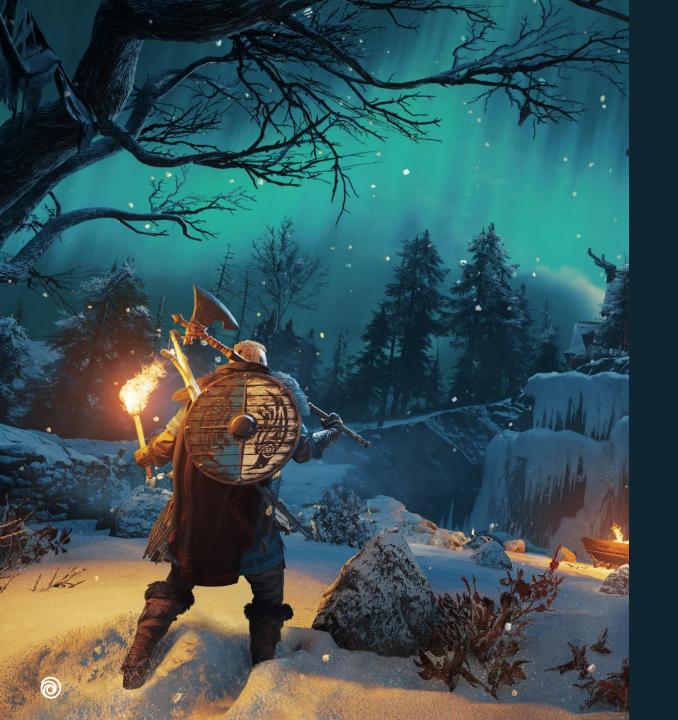




https://www.gdcvault.com/play/1027382/Ma chine-Learning-Summit-Deep-Reinforcement

Disclaimer: All videos are prototypes and not game features

PART 1 - RECAP OF PREVIOUS RESULTS



PART 2 ML PIPELINE FOR GAMES

RL 101 – AI DRIVING EXAMPLE

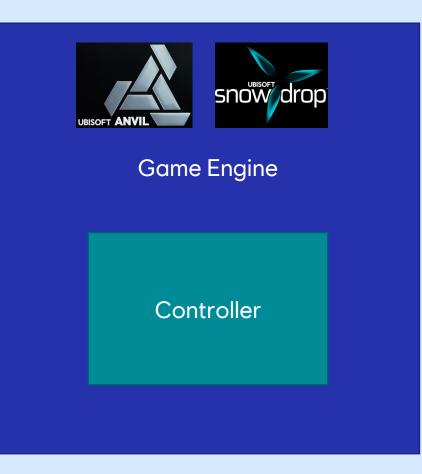
Action

- Acceleration
- Brake
- Steering

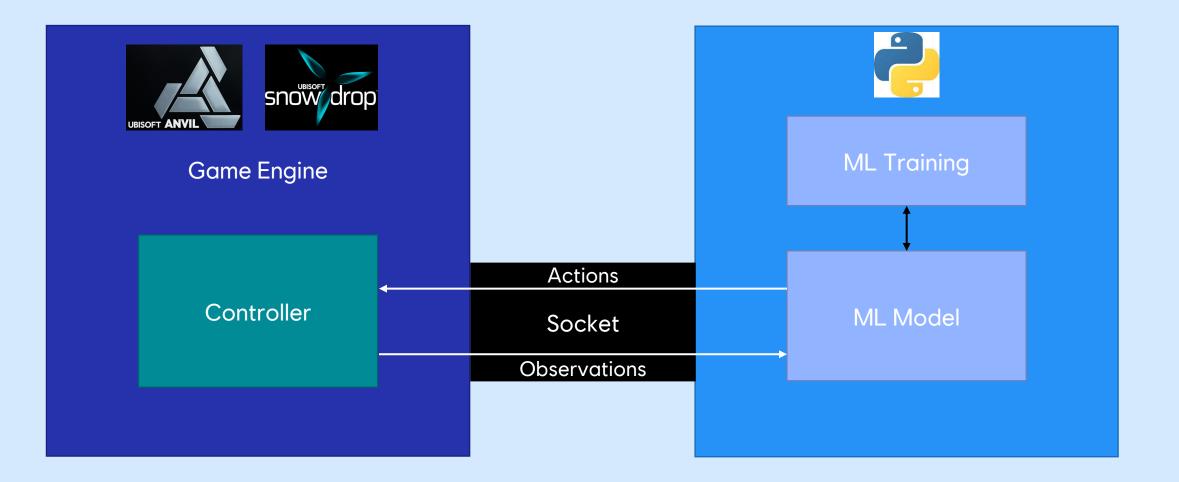


Observation

- Distance from road
- Velocity
- Desired speed



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- It can work... for **prototyping**
 - Used on Watch Dogs 2 and For Honor
 - Fast iteration time

• But it has **drawbacks**

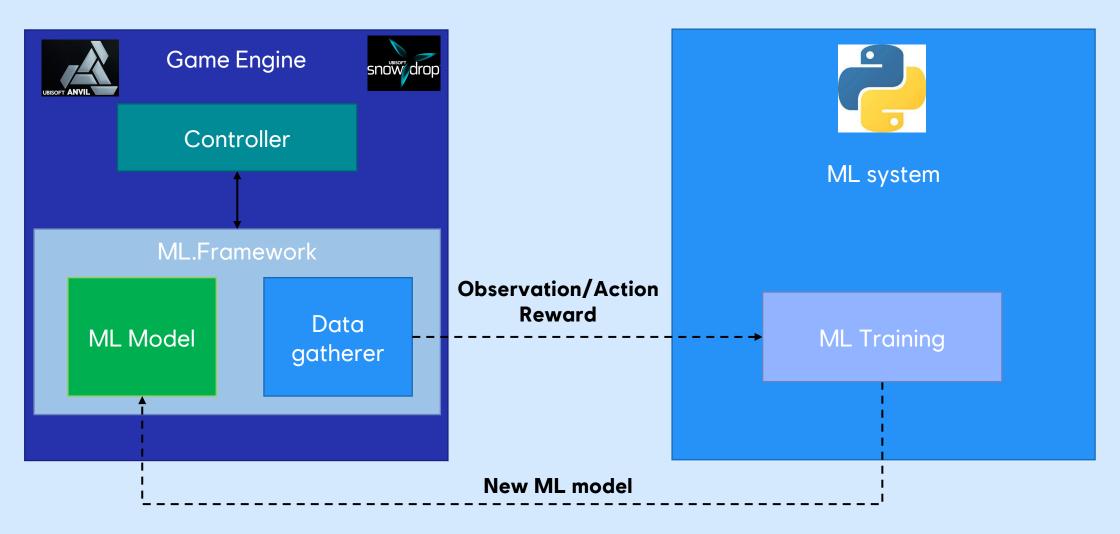
Sockets can be slow

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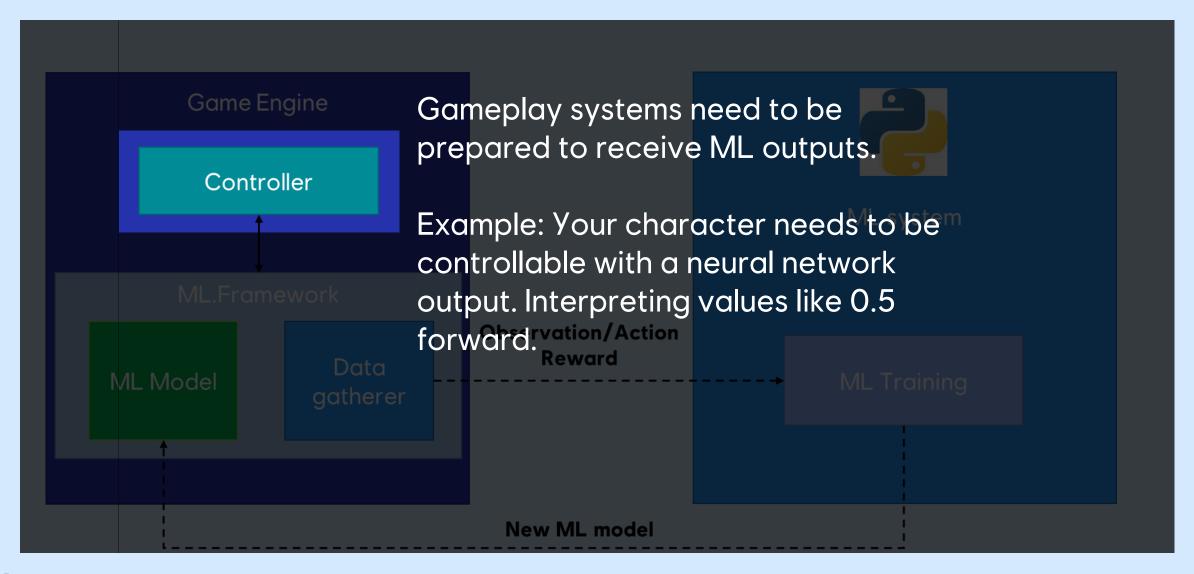
• No easy path to port all in engine

HAVING A STANDARDIZE WAY IN-ENGINE IS CRITICAL TO PUSH IN PRODUCTION

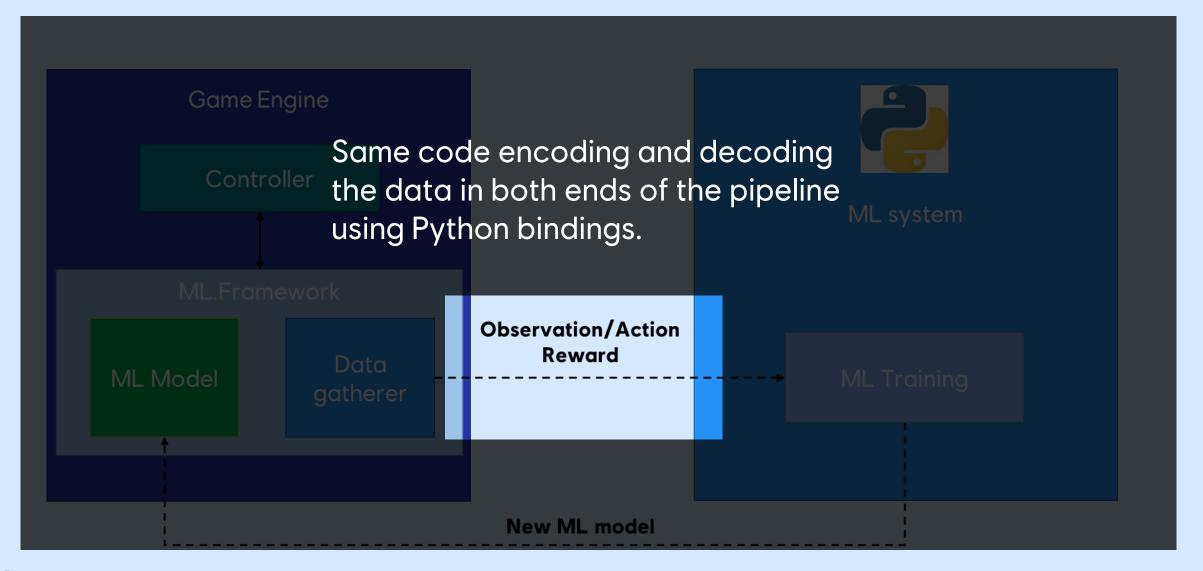
OUR APPROACH – ML IN ENGINE WITH PYTHON TRAINING



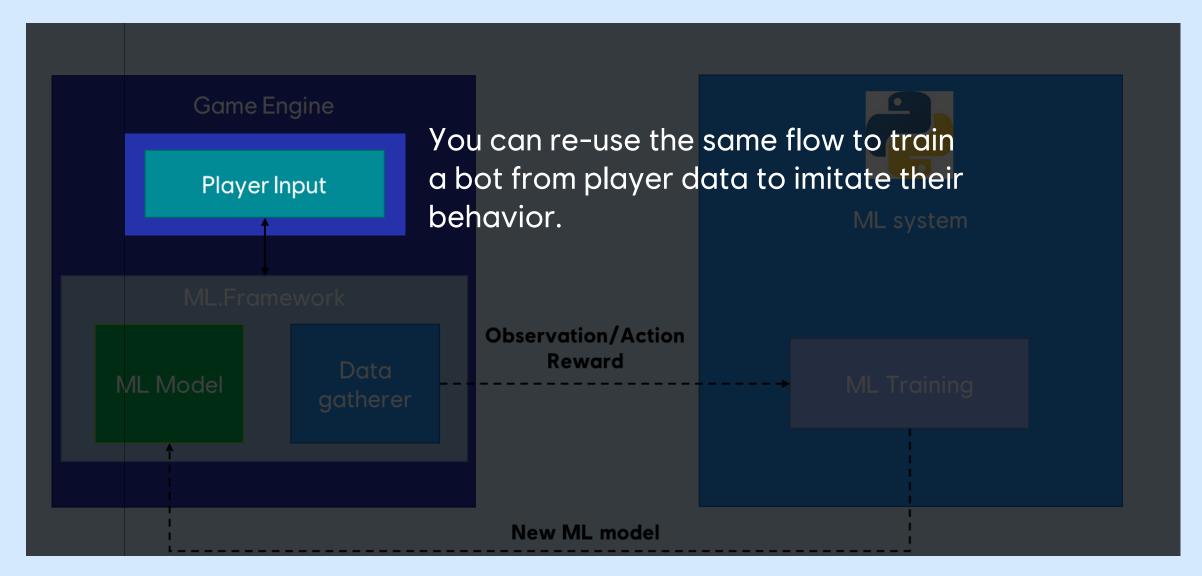
PREPARING YOUR GAMEPLAY SYSTEMS



UNIFYING THE ECOSYSTEM



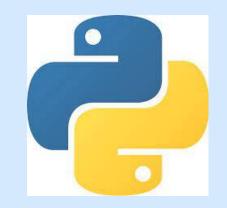
IMITATION LEARNING



MAKE ML ACCESSIBLE TO ALL PRODUCTIONS



- Manage all our models.
- Collect data
- Communicate data to Python.
- Neural network inference



- Read experiences from engine.
- Dump new models to engine.
- Do the ML training

MAKE ML ACCESSIBLE TO ALL PRODUCTIONS

- Share all the tedious glue code as middleware
 - Dedicated team for support and consulting
- Same flow for prototyping and production
 - Training can be easily switched off
- Currently used in unannounced projects

PART 3 CHALLENGES OF APPLYING ML IN GAMES



WHAT MAKES A GOOD ML PROBLEM?

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Classical solutions fails



A single game instance generates ~300 xp/s ~15 hours to train

WHAT MAKES A GOOD ML PROBLEM?

For RL, your actions should strongly influence whether you achieve the goal.



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HOW COMPLEX SHOULD MY SOLUTION BE?

CONSIDER YOUR REQUIREMENTS

What is the scope of my problem?

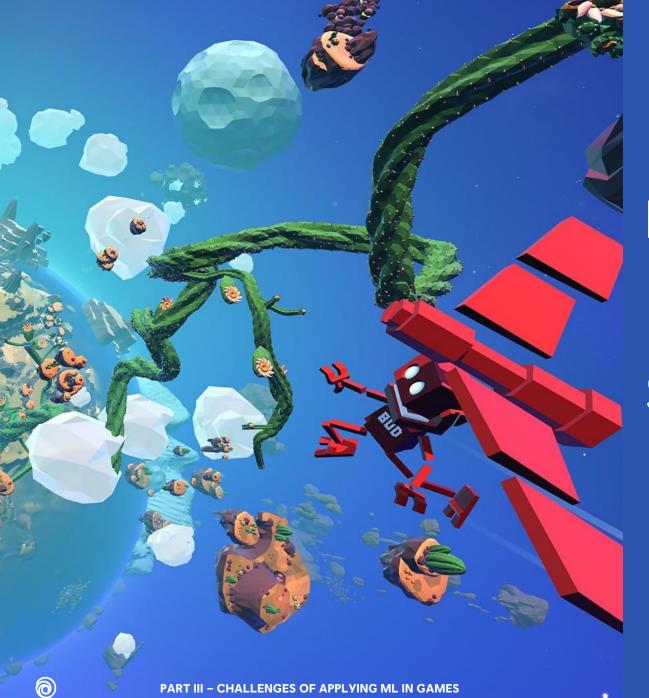
How is my solution deployed?

How often is my model taking an action?

What are the properties of my game world?

Where is my model running?

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EXAMPLE

SMARTDRIVE

SMARTDRIVE REQUIREMENTS

What is the scope of my problem?

 Vehicle pathfollowing and obstacle avoidance

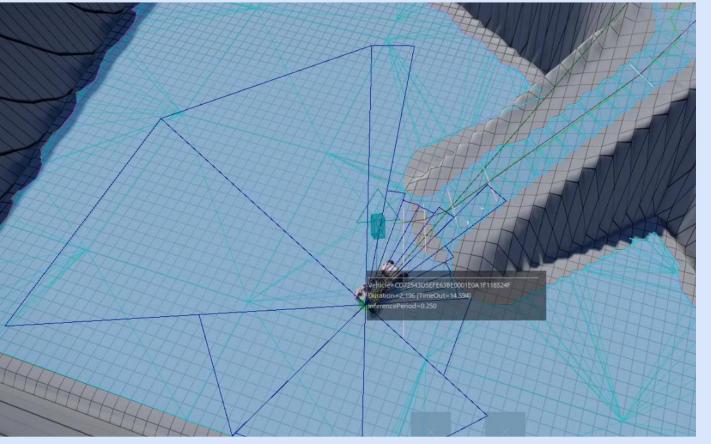
How is my solution deployed?

- What are the properties of my game Static world?
- How often is my model taking an action?

Auto-test and player-facing

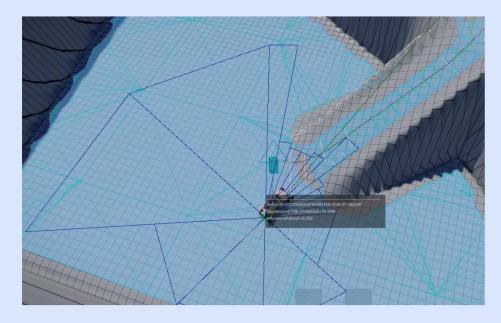
• Several times a second

REPRESENTING OBSTACLES IN SMARTDRIVE



- Split the world around it into "quadrants".
- Use the distance to the closest point on the nav-mesh for each quadrant.
- Also use the position and nextframe position of the 2 closest obstacles.

REPRESENTING OBSTACLES IN SMARTDRIVE



Pros

- Fast to compute.
- Compact representation.
- Small neural network is sufficient.

Cons

- Requires nav-mesh.
- Limited number of dynamic obstacles.



EXAMPLE

SMARTNAV

SMARTNAV SMARTDRIVE-REQUIREMENTS

What is the scope of my problem?

How is my solution deployed?

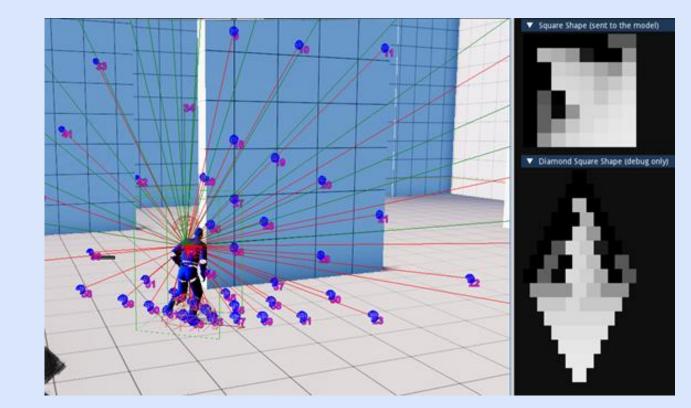
- What are the properties of my game world?
- How often is my model taking an action?

- Pathfollowing and obstacle avoidance
 Local pathfinding
- Auto-test and player-facing

- -Static Almost any world and navigation abilities
- Several times a second

REPRESENTING OBSTACLES IN SMARTNAV

- Cast rays at the physics world to generate a 2D map of it's surrounding.
- Can have multiple layers for different obstacles types.
 - Think water, destructible/nondestructible.



Casts from agent into world

Resulting Map

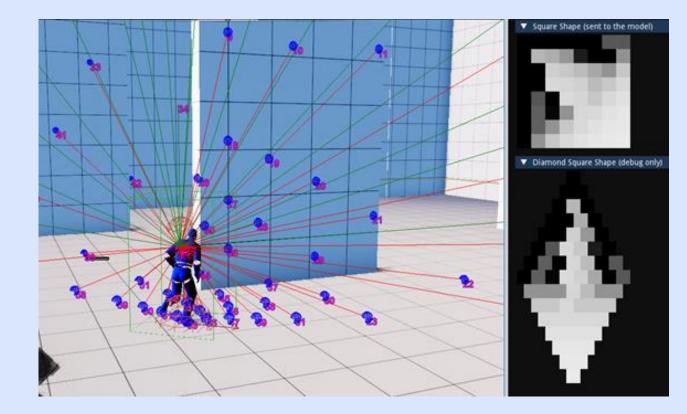
REPRESENTING OBSTACLES IN SMARTNAV

Pros

- Doesn't require nav-mesh.
- Works in 3D.
- Only depends on physics raycasts.

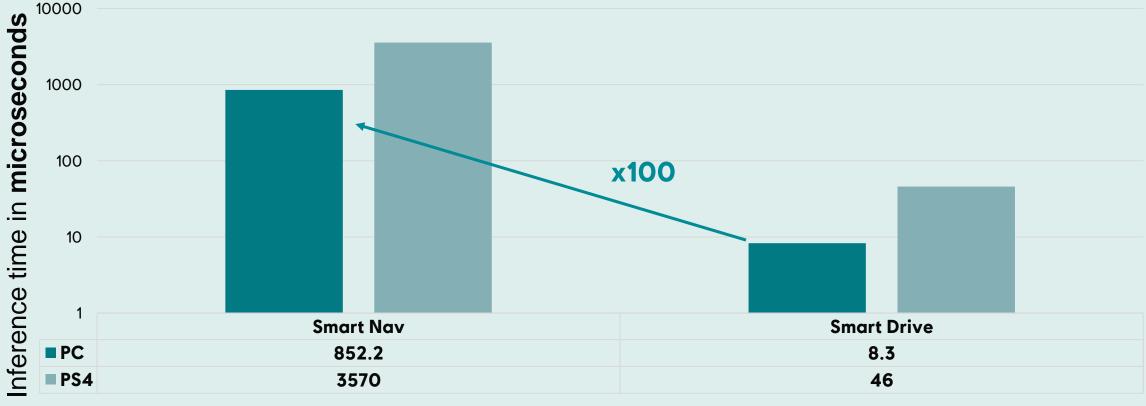
Cons

- Long to compute.
- Increases model complexity and size.
- Increases learning time.



DIFFERENCE IN PERFORMANCE

Single thread inference time on PC (3.7Ghz CPU) and PS4 Base (log scale)



■ PC ■ PS4

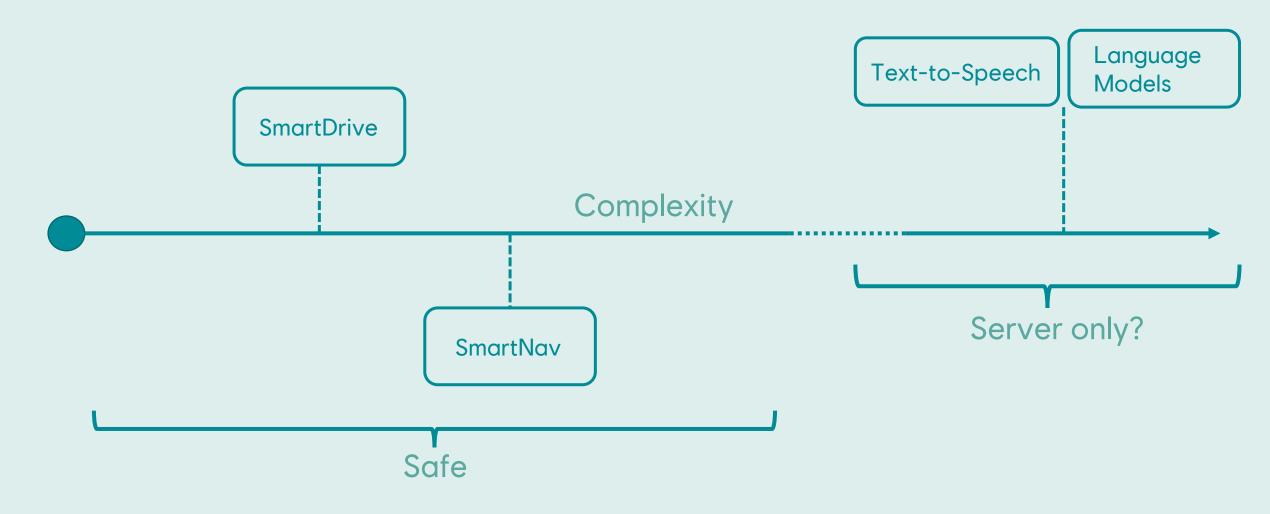
WHAT ABOUT MEMORY?

- Model loaded once for (possibly) many agents.
- Buffer for each agent.
 - Holds the inputs, intermediate calculations, and final results.

Model	Size of the model (kB)	Buffer needed per agent (kB)
Smart Nav	43 000	32
Smart Drive	357	2

Memory footprint during inference

IS MEMORY A PROBLEM?



PART 4 PUSHING YOUR PROTOTYPE FURTHER

Prototype

Production

INVEST IN YOUR ML PIPELINE

IMPROVING PERFORMANCE

- Increase time between decisions.
 - Careful, you must re-train!
 - SmartDrive takes decisions every 250 ms.
- Simplify the model.

SmartNav

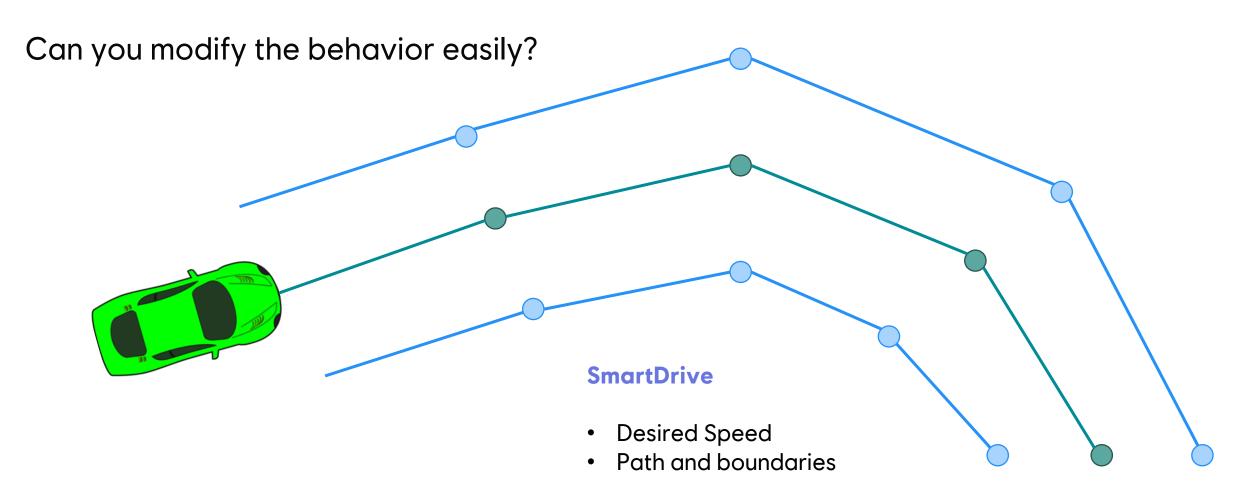
- Reduced inference time by 40% by completely removing the LSTM layer.
- No noticeable difference in quality.

IMPROVING PERFORMANCE

Make sure all your inputs are necessary



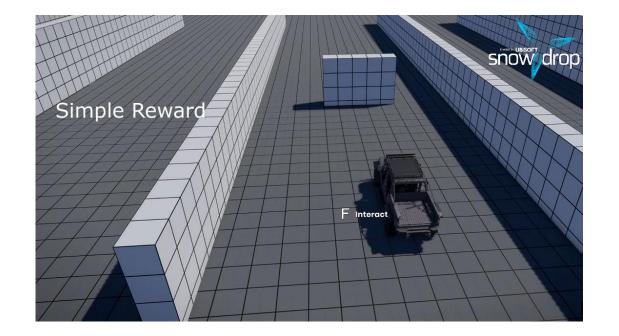
IMPROVING FLEXIBILITY



IMPROVING FLEXIBILITY

For RL applications, it is critical to have the simplest reward function as possible.





IMPROVING FLEXIBILITY

Can you easily re-adapt your solution to similar problem?



SmartNav

IMPROVING TRAINING TIME

- Run many instances of the game on a single machine.
- Run on multiple machines.
- Train on dedicated machine(s).

SmartNav Training Time

Single machine for game and training	15 – 18h
 5 machines for game, 3 instances each 1 machine for training 	4 – 7h

CONCLUSION

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Investing in ML engineering is worth it.

Pushing to production needs both game expertise and ML expertise

Paradigm shift, change the way we design NPCs

"You tell a ML bot what to do, not how to do it"





IT'S COMPLICATED BUT WORTH IT



