

Normal Map Industry Survey

SEGMENT 0: Adam Myhill with introduction

SEGMENT 1: Zbrush (Scott Spencer)

SEGMENT 2: (Gio Nakpil and Rich Diamant)

BREAK – Lunch (1 hour)

SEGMENT 3: Normal Map Implementation Buffet

BREAK- 10 minute

SEGMENT 4: Texture-based Normal Map Sampling Surve

SEGMENT 5: Real World Data Sampling with Steve Chap

BREAK- 10 minute

SEGMENT 6: Issues with normal maps in the major cons

History of normal maps

This idea of taking geometric details from a high poly mesh and fitting a smooth surface to it had been introduced in "Fitting Smooth Surfaces to Polygonal Meshes" by Krishnamurthy and Levoy, Proc. SIGGRAPH 1995. Later, when this approach was used for creating displacement maps over nurbs, its application to more common triangular meshes was presented in "Normal Maps for Low-Poly Meshes" by Cohen et al., SIGGRAPH 1998.

Two papers were presented with the idea of transferring normal maps from high to low poly meshes: "Normal Map Transfer for Low-Poly Meshes: Distance Preserving Simplification", by Cohen et al., SIGGRAPH 1998, and "A general method for recovering normal maps from simplified meshes" by Cignoni et al.

ow of how they work

mapping is sometimes referred to as "Displacement Mapping". While bump mapping perturbs the existing normal (the way the surface is facing) of a model, displacement mapping replaces the normal entirely. - Wikipedia

Colour channel of the normal map represents the direction or bending of the pixel normal on an axis. The R, G, B channels

s, weaknesses, common misconceptions

e

relatively inexpensive way to represent highly

ences

s for much lighter meshes

r to weight + rig

r to animate

s computation from CPU to GPU (typical)

s, weaknesses, common misconceptions

ve

can't do anything for silhouettes

good for high and mid frequency detail

can't animate (without a bunch more work.

overly used - inefficient asymmetry betw

texture

textures are much larger than DXT1

computation from GPU to GPU (typical

Lead: Instruction increase / shader comp

budgets: Strive to balance normal m

g: Normal maps are only as good as th

lex ambient: Irradiance / Spherical Harmo

t specular contributions!

g them takes time:

es model

Meet our speakers and organizers

Spencer: Art Director at Gentle Giant Studios

Steph: 3D Modeler at ILM

Stamant: Lead Character Artist at Naughty Dog

Tom Ariza: Senior Character Artist and Naug

Tom Myhill: Sr. Technical Artist at Pandemic

Tom Chapman: VP of Gentle Giant Studios

Tom Delazquez: Character Modeler at Ravensco

Creature and Character Design: A Tradition

In this section I will discuss using ZBrush's digital sculpting tools to create creature and character models. When I work in ZBrush I try to focus on the same foundations laid by traditional sculptors. When working I try and be aware of the overall form and form first leaving the details for later.

In this demonstration I decided to use a traditional clay model which was scanned into a digital model as well as demonstrate how I use ZBrush. This video shows me to also cover ways of bringing scan-based models into ZBrush as well as illustrate the same techniques applied to digital models.

mples



mples





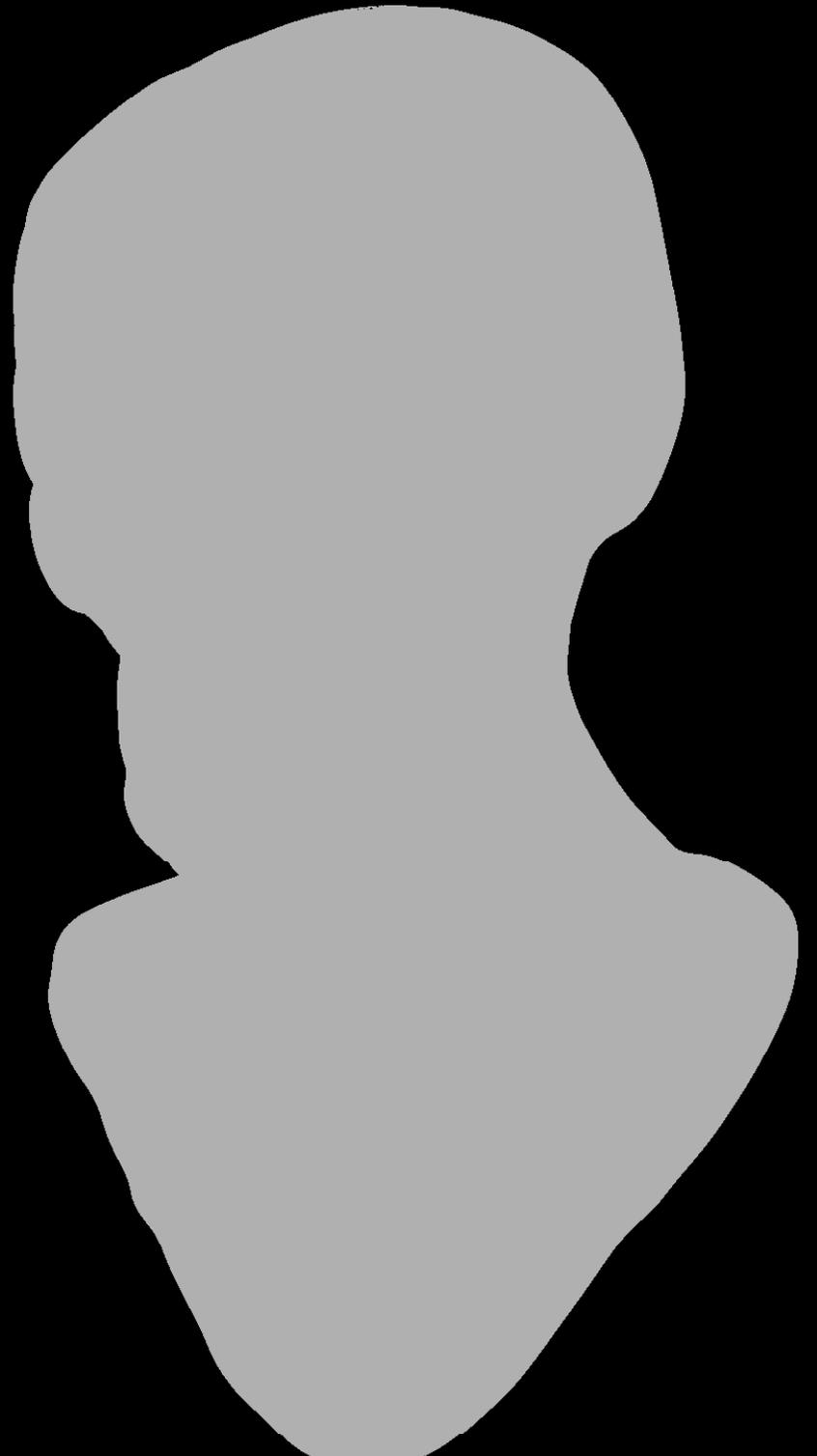
sculpting



Normalized approach to sculpting: Form Analysis



kes form



default materials do not allow for interactive light
to the Basic Material. You can move the light
to get a much clearer idea of the form relationships

flat color shader to check the silhouette. This
is not keyed allowing you to quickly switch between
unlit and shaded mode.

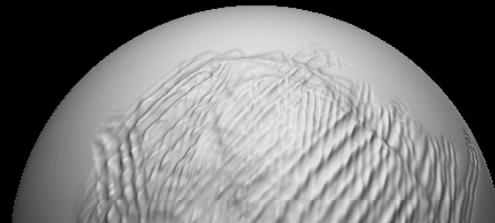
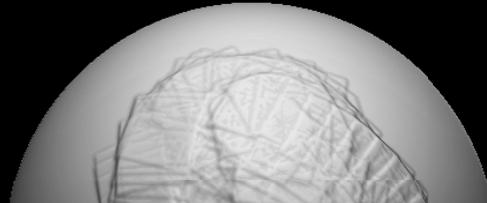
It is to export the mid subdivision level to Maya
and supported as an obj, lit, and checked under a different
camera than ZBrush's.

With rakes

are a real world sculpting
ed for the rapid
ment of form by subtracting
e clay surface



The take brush can be
used to add or subtract form
to objects in a rapid and
efficient manner



de: From clay to game mesh







e in ZBrush

re sculpture is scanned
ught into ZBrush to
a ZTool



g the sculpture scan into ZBrush as a Zto

the mesh in Maya to 0 0 0 – scans are inher

metrical so this is not a perfect process but en

you to use many tools in symmetry mode.

ush use the Transpose tools to center pose i

ation for remeshing.

ata must be remeshed as it consists of rand

t suitable for sculpting or animation

shing in ZBrush using topology tools.

awback to this is the inability to create a mou

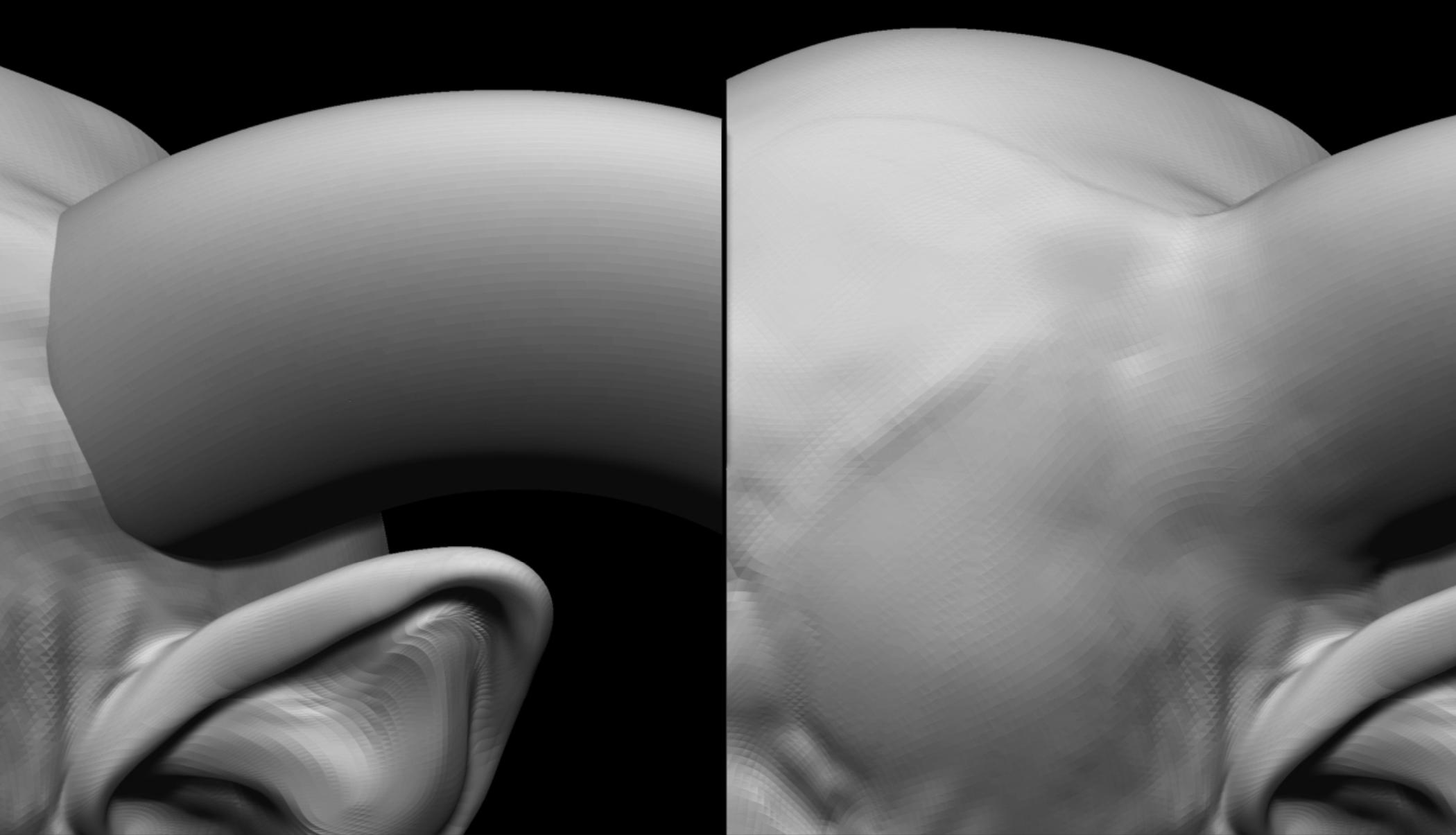
there is however a workaround for this we v

Optimizing the ZBrush brushes

Editing the edit curve

Mod and Smoothing Curves

Adding details on layers and removing



design changes can be made to an existing
through the use of mesh Insert and the clay brushes

Displacement Map Detail Transfer

Textures and mouth bags can be added once the process is completed, by using a process called displacement map detail transfer.

This process uses a 16bit displacement map in order to transfer details from one mesh to another.

This technique can be more predictable than using projection tools under Topology And Sub

for Normal Maps

Gentle Giant Studios] ZBrush Document Mem ▶ 267+1861 Free ▶ 1594 ZTime ▶ 00:00:43.03

Menus DefaultZScript

Color Document Draw Edit Layer Light Macro Marker Material Movie Picker Preferences Render Stencil Stroke Texture Tool Transform Zoom Zplugin

TUAL MEM...

Projection Master



Mrgb Rgb M

Rgb Intensity 100

Zadd Zsub Zcut

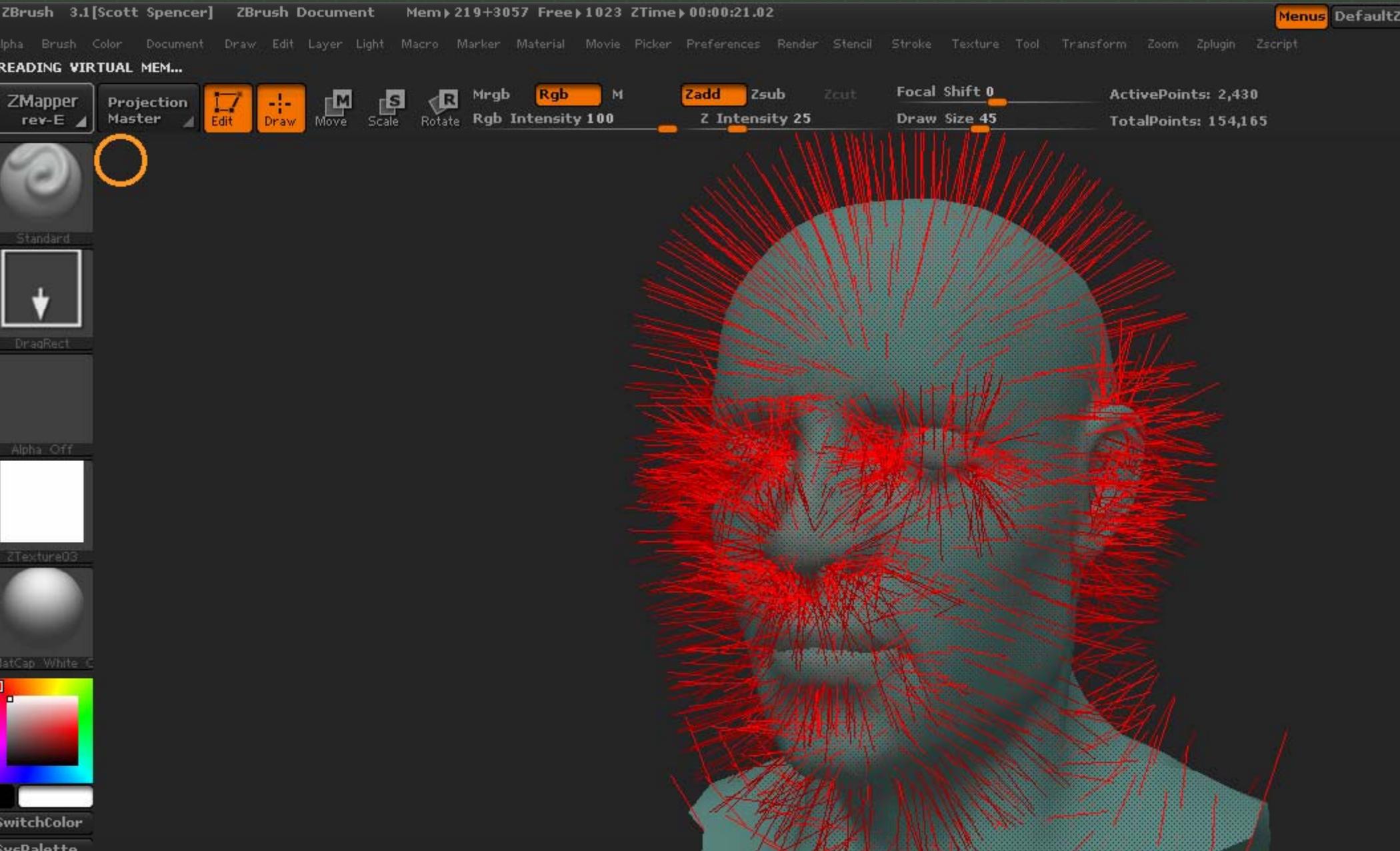
Z Intensity 25

Focal Shift 31

Draw Size 135



can also be used to generate normal maps meshes



e process can be applied to this scan of a

















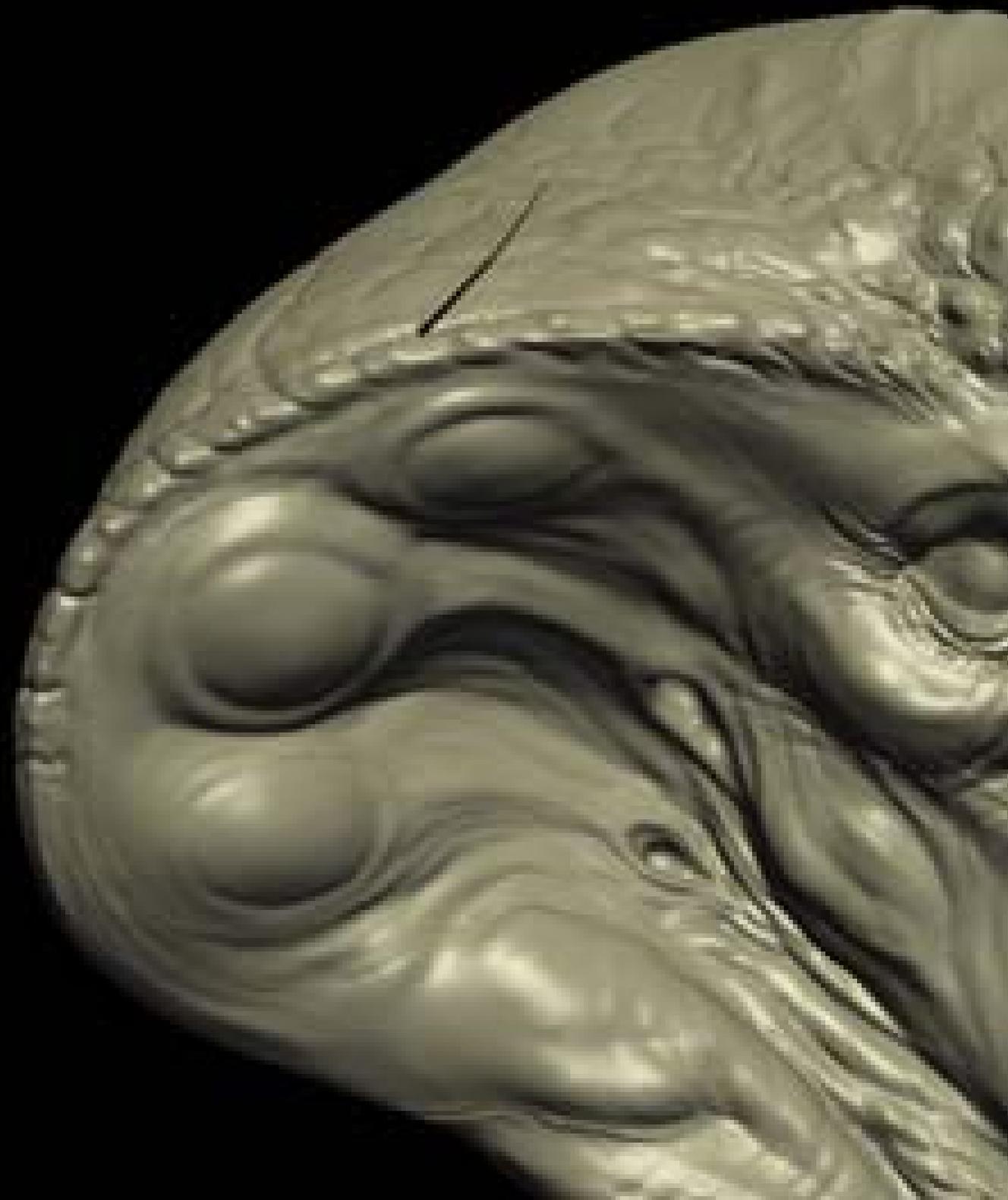






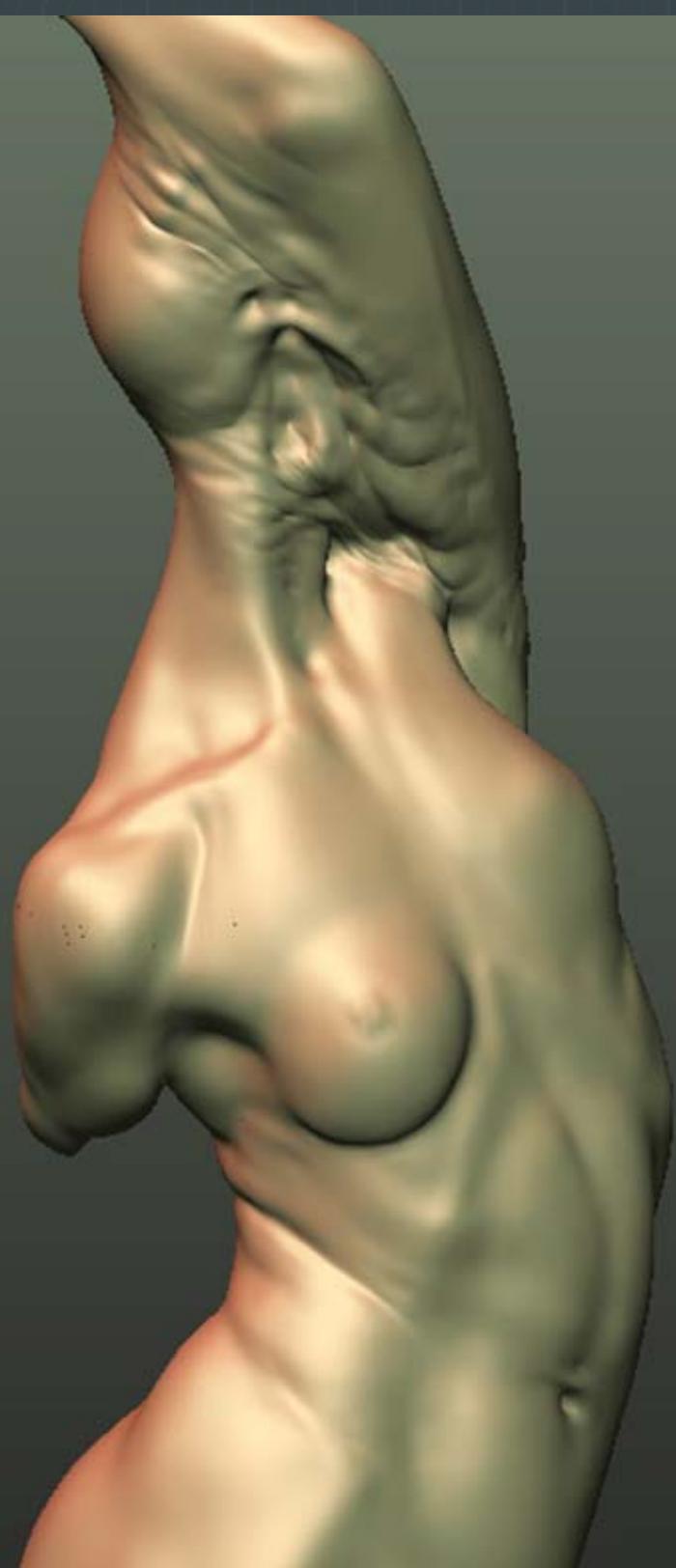












General approach to digital creature creation

Primary forms

Secondary forms

Tertiary forms

Quaternary forms

ms

prominent forms that define the character

are all the other sub-forms (secondary and tertiary) will

forms

do not add complexity to primary forms

always compliment primary forms rather than overpower

in short, secondary forms should be the least prominent

to primary forms

ms

s that add complexity to secondary forms (ie. Wrinkles)

important of the forms

overly used in digital sculpting

ed properly however, these forms define the quality and

stance, tertiary forms should be the least prominent of t

y on top, The cake can do without it, but sure looks good

erly)

ht and Shadow)

orms that define how light and shadow hits the surface

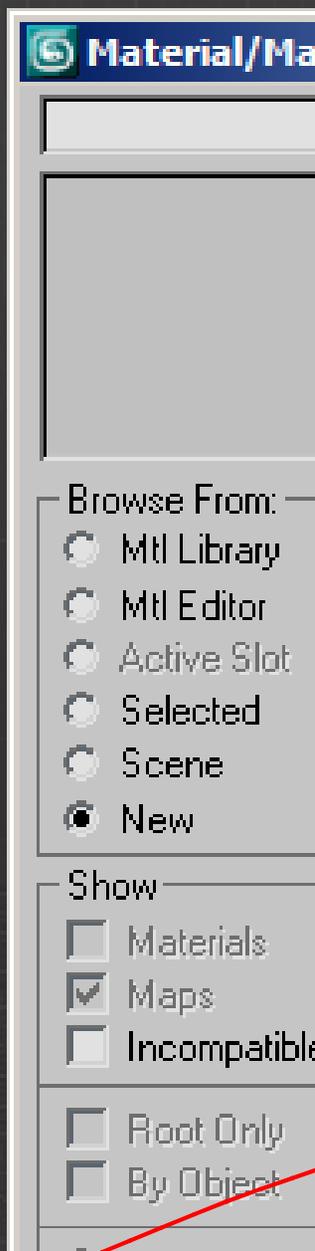
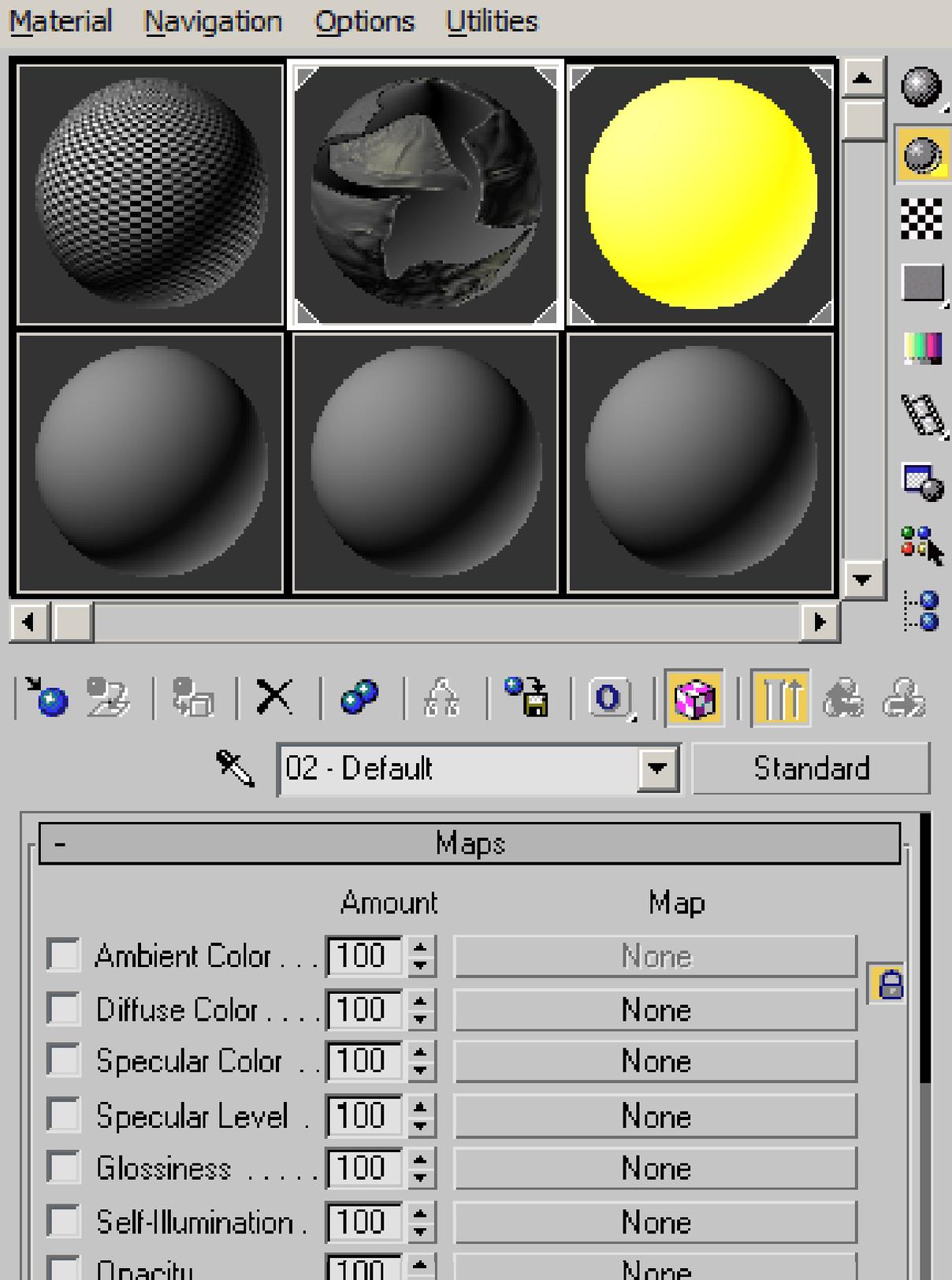
apture depth and contrast

Mapping inside of Mudbox:

Options

Using your normal map

Editor
Maps
the
Slot.
Normal
from the
Material/Map
r.

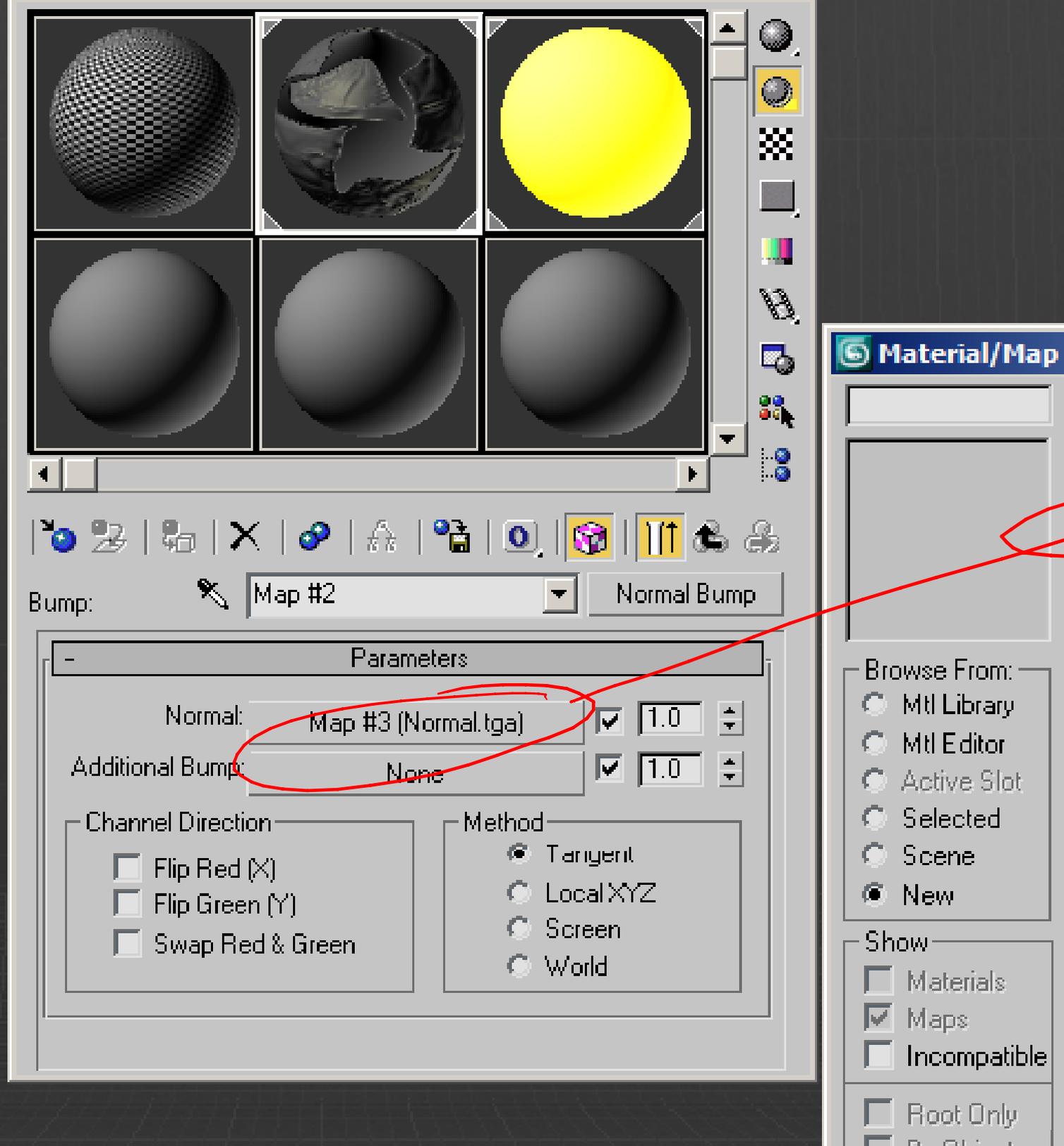


ump

he Normal

itmap from
erial/Map

open a file
for you to
our normal



Manager.

on the DX display of Standard

l.

the Show Map in viewport button.

n now view the normal map in

ded viewport. Perspective will

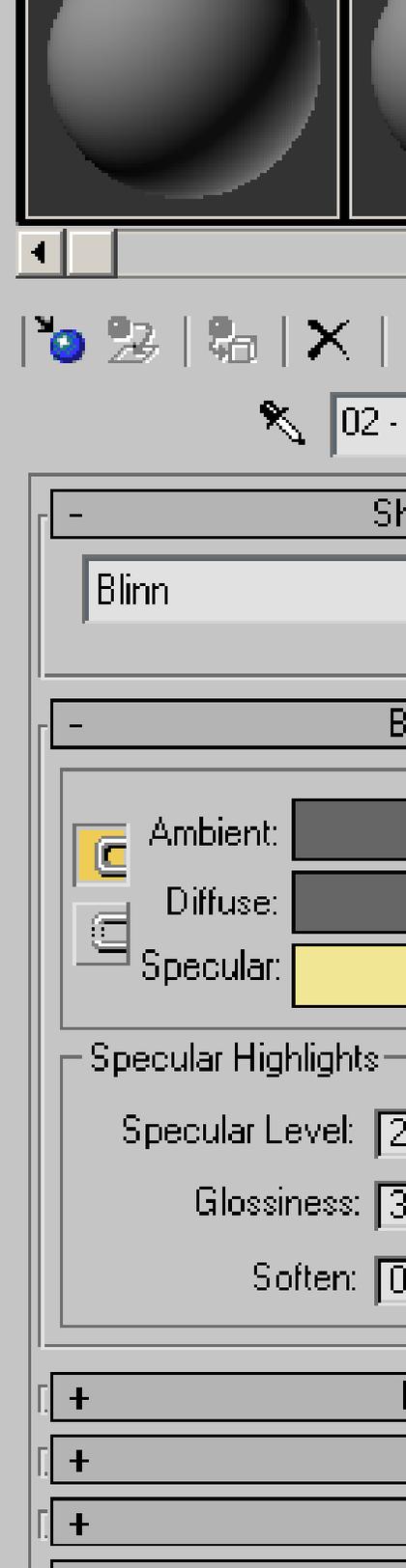
e model with specular settings.

of the DX display off as it slows

our scene, especially when using

The material is still viewable in

derer.



Mapping inside of Maya:

ions

Transfer Maps for normal mapping

nting errors

g normal maps in Real-time and render

l maps

ow of the XSI workflow

nce photography

ular extraction

h

orkflow

shop cleanup / tips and tricks

Impression:

Back as far as you can and zoom in. At least 70

g:

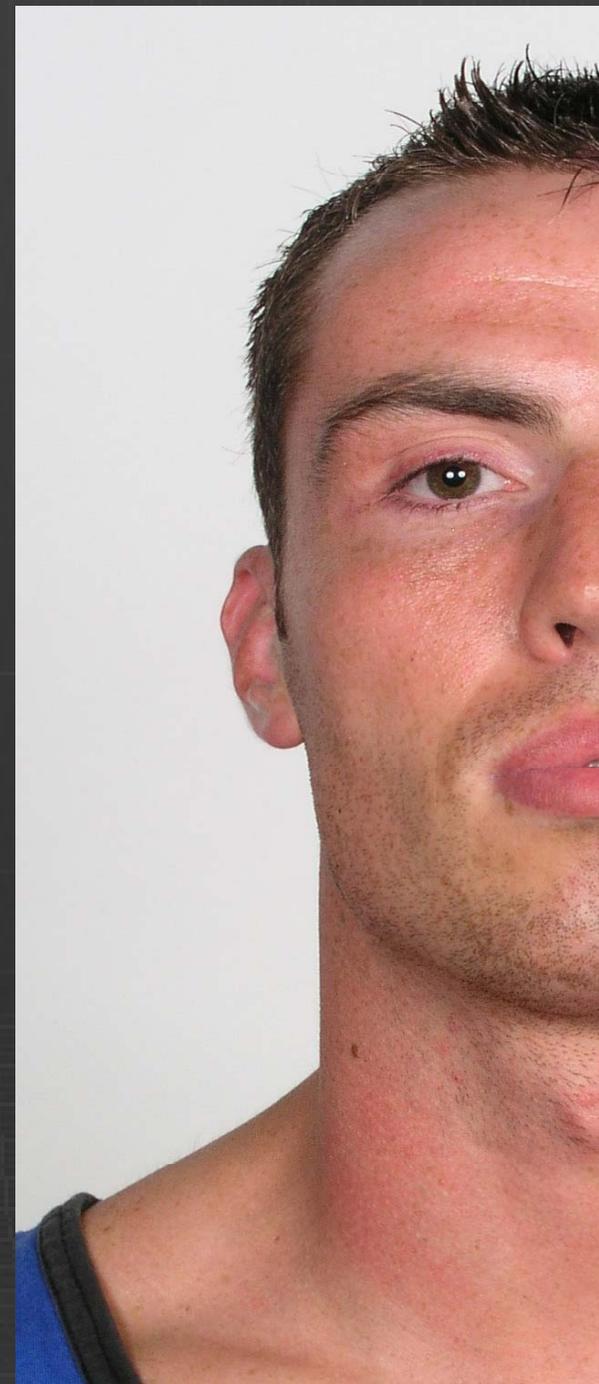
Get it as flat and even as possible. Overcast
ance card is great

Position:

Back and close eyes for a shot, so you get the
min information

shot of eyes closed, model and texture head
s closed then animate open (otherwise your

Portrait Photography



ce photography

lar extraction through differential cross

ation: How to create perfect specmap

equency normal map detail





extraction through differential cross polarization

polarizing filter + tripod

character down and face them into the afternoon sun

your camera at 90° to sun angle

polarizer until you see max sheen and max specular b

gles on filter, they'll be 90° apart

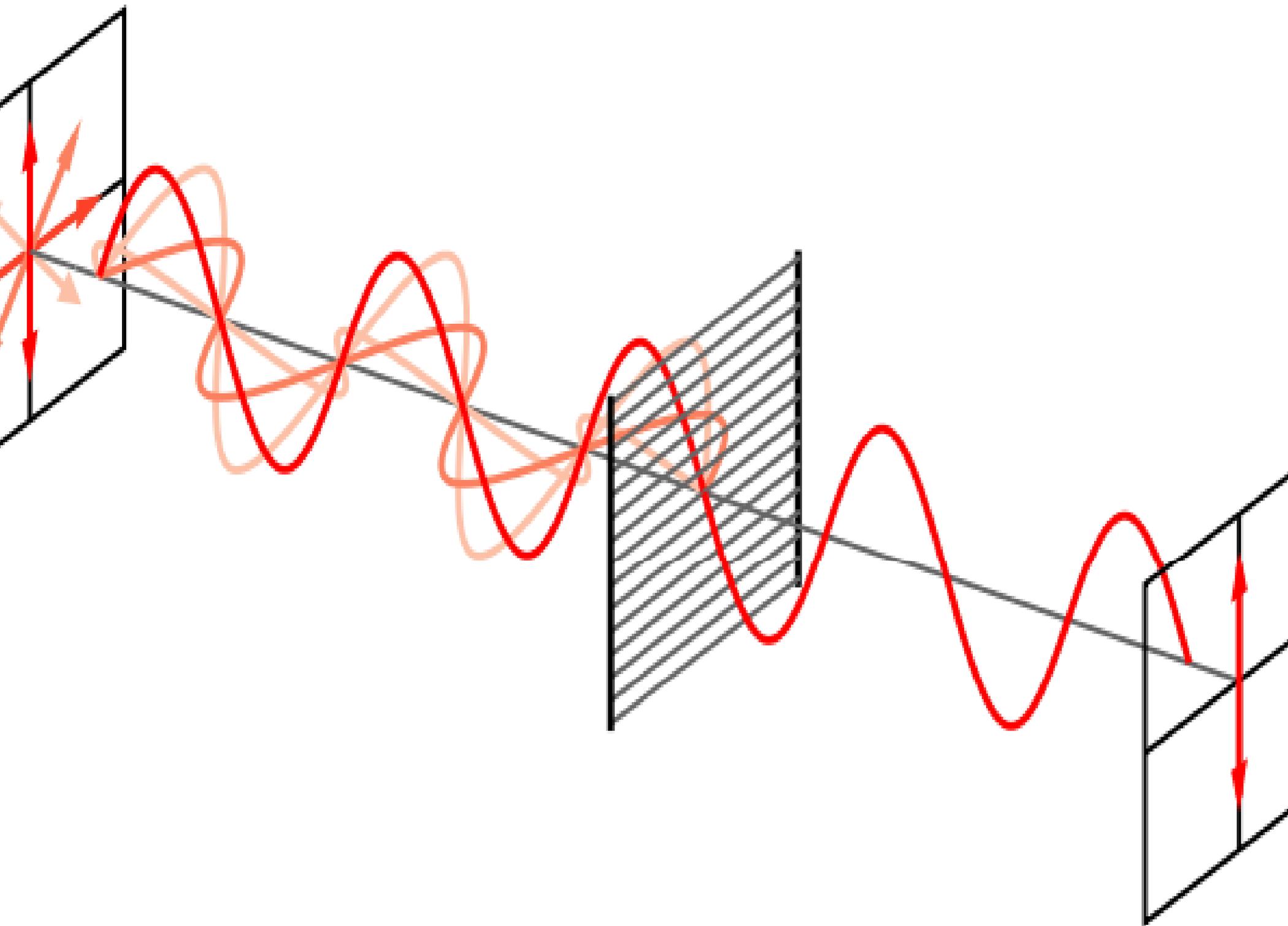
ne at 'open', quickly rotate 90° to 'closed' shoot again

o Photoshop, stabilize images over top of each other

erence multiply function

ate and add contrast

erfect specular capture !!



ng 5 minutes from Z-Brush to XSI vide

ng 7 minute XSI workflow video

:

render tree interface: Only display

S

erly display normal maps in realtime v

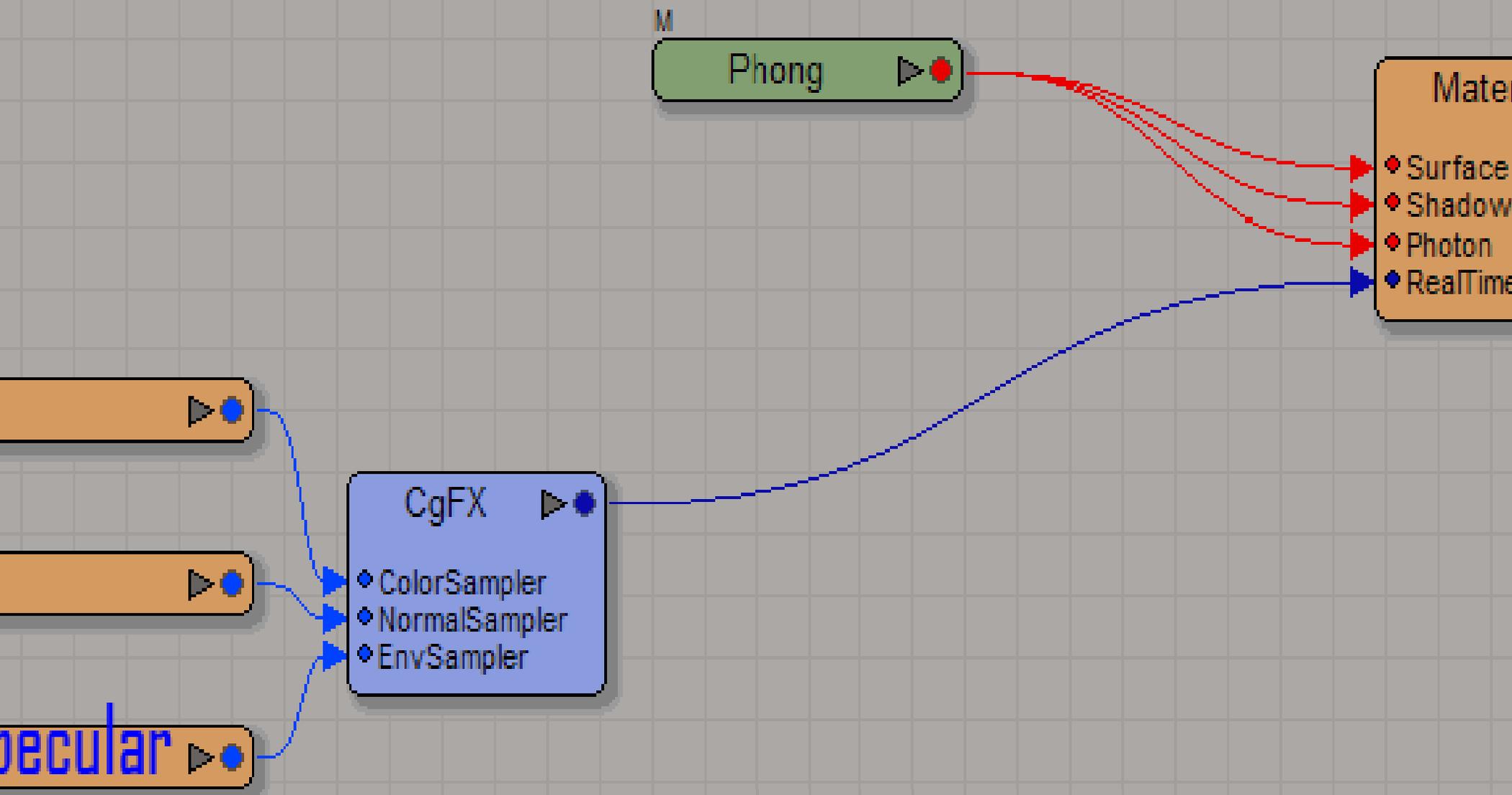
play requirements:

es

helper objects / nulls

eframes

amera safe guides



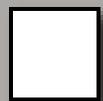
Main

1

-0.984

5.902

0.656



H 0.000
S 0.000
V 1.000

HSV



H 0.556
S 0.027
V 0.183

HSV

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11.053

